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Δροτάθερο Ερίβερο 2002/107/107/10 · CIΔ_RDP80_00810Δ004100250000_7	50	per minute. When aircraft approach	ched, source repe	atedly observed that the set
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graze near the set learned from a Soviet sentry posted in the vicinity of the radar station, that the radar directed Soviet fighters and cows could not approach nearer than 500 meters. Before the set had been erected, the cows could approach to within 50 meters of the radar station. During November 1953, source determined that at least the Token-type radar set was fed with electric current from a van—like motor vehicle which had a cable connection about 30 to 40 cm in diameter. Another cable of the same strength extended from the vehicle to a motor vehicle with a wooden covering located just next to the southern Fishnet-type radar set. About 200 meters north of the Token-type set were four van—like special motor vehicles which had been used for transporting the radar sets to the site; the Token-type set had arrived first. No activity was observed near the vehicles.

- 6. Around 11 a.m. on 21 December 1953, the Tomen-type set was hauled by a caterpillar tractor to a site about 50 meters west of its former location, while the motor vehicles assigned to the set were not moved. The soldiers in the radar station always wore red-bordered black epaulets. An AA machine gun was still observed in the installation. Source occasionally observed, that, in stormy weather, the Token-type set rotated, apparently moved by the storm, as no special guy wires were seen. When the Kniferest-type radar set was in operation, one of the Fishnet-type sets pointed toward the southwest and the other Fishnet-type set pointed toward the southeast, while, during periods of rest, the antennas of the two latter sets also pointed in other directions. The Kniferest-type set always stood still, when the Tomen-type set was in operation.
- 7. Radar stations and radio installations near Wittstock airfield. Between 30 November 1953 and 4 December 1954, the following radar stations and radio installations were observed in connection with Wittstock airfield:
 - a. On 2 December 1953, a Kniferest-type radar set and 10 to 15 meters farther eastwerdward a Fishnet-type radar set were observed. This was at an andulation of the ground, just northeast of the road to Randow which branches off from the Wittstock-Alt Debern road at the southern edge of the airfield. At the beginning of February 1954, a mast, about 10 meters high and braced by 3 guy wires, was observed at the radar station. On top of the mast was a device, looking like a vase turned upside down; the device was about 20 cm in diameter at the top, had a bulge in the middle and became wider toward the bottom. Source could not observe whether the device was flat or round. Between this set and the Kniferest-type radar set was another mast with a horizontal dipole support with 4 vertical dipoles. Underneath the dipoles was a frame which apparently was slightly thicker 8 than the dipoles. Both sets were observed for the first time on 4 February 1954.
 - b. On the laber, a Token-type radar set was observed on the highest peak of Rockst Mountain, next to the chapel of the cemetery. The set had probably been set 30 November 1953. Four trucks were parked 60 to 70 meters from the set. Around 4 p.m. on 2 December; rotations by the set were observed which were faster than those of the Kniferest-type radar set.

· ·c.	Around 4 p;m. on 2 December 1953, 1 Kmiferest-type rader set and 1 Fishnet-type
V	radar observed about 600 meters southwest of the triangulation point on Rocks untain, about 200 meters north of the road to Randow. The Kniferest-
	-type ed slowly and regularly in a counter-clockwise direction. Source
3	estimated that about 4 rotations were made per minute. When the Kniferest-type
1	set was in operation, the Fihmet-type set stood still. Source had not observed
•	a radar set at the site prior to 2 December 1953.

ite	prior .t	to 2 Dec	ember .	1953.	
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d. At the beginning of December 1953, a radio installation with two masts was observed 430 meters south of the intersection of the Randow-Berlinchen and Schweinrich-Berlinchen roads. Between the two masts, which were braced by four guy wires each, were strung 3 antenna wires which were kept separate by a cross bar at each end. Two lead-ins extended from the middle of the antenna to a motor vehicle parked underneath the antenna. Three small wooden buildings were also located near the radio installation. A three-wire overhead line extended to the radio installation described in the next paragraph. e. A radio installation with one mast, about 10 meters high and braced by four guy wires, was located south of the large lake in the eastern extension of the runway. A wire extended from the masthead almost vertical downward and terminated in a truck which, on 17 November 1953, was observed for the first time having a plank revetment. In the middle of the radio installation was a low wooden building near which 5 or 6 men were observed. A three-wire overhead line extended to the radio installation south of Berlinchen. Another 6 or 7 wires extended southwestward to 2 or 3 small wooden buildings toward Post Luch. There was another wire connection toward Randow where the line probably continued underground. f. On 4 February 1954, source observed for the first time a Dumbo-type radar set between the repair hangar and the heating plant at Wittstock airfield. The section of the content of the content of the results and the Token-type set. After nightfall, the Token-type set was always lit by 6 powerful white lamps. On 23 January, source determined by means of his watch that the Token-type set rotated about 7 3/4 times per minute. Subsequently, the set made pendulum movements of up to 180 degrees. 10
During air activity at Wittstock airfield on 21 October 1953, two radio trucks were parked approximately south of the middle section of the runway. One of the two radio trucks had a rod antenna and a sickle-shaped device on its roof. At first, source believed that the device was a flag as it rotated continuously; when air activity was discontinued, however, the device stood still and source recognized that it had the shape of a sickle.
At the end of November 1953, a r of Berlinchen, was observed west the northern exit of Neukrug, 10
On 20 Dec. 53, source determined that the Red Mill Inn was vacatant broom-shaped antenna on the roof of the building was white meshaped antenna was observed on one of the two buildings east of the main road, south of the approach road to the airfield.
Gardelegen radar station. On 24 December 1953, source observed that 1 Token set, 1 Kniferest-type radar set, and 2 Fishnet-type radar sets were located legen radar station, near Hill 63. The Dumbo-type radar set had already beel on 10 October 1953. Source observed for about one hour that the Kniferest-type radar set rotated in a clockwise direction; during the first half hour, rotations were made each lasting 35 seconds, and during the second half hour, the rotations were much slower, each lasting 70 seconds. A fence was under construction around the radar station and poles, about 2 meters high, had already been erected.
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5X1X	On 22 February 1954, an additional Kniferest-type radar set and another set.	100/0
e [*]	similar to the Dumbo-type set the former parachute sttlemen cross bar extended from the r	***
	500 meters away. Five cables fitted on insulators extended tow Kaserne. 12	
25X1 25X1B 25X1B	Radio Installation at Stakken airfield. On 10 May 1953, source determined that communication or radio detail with soldiers wearing black-bordered red epaulets still stationed at Stakken airfield. The radio troops estimated at 30 to 40 mer quartered in a small brick building, probably the former commander's house, loo in a small woods north of national highway No 103, north-northwest of Egelpfuhl The leader of the detail, a lieutenant, stated that the detail had been station at the airfield for about 9 months and that it belonged to Wildpark-Werder. A radio installation with four masts was located on a hill with triangulation point 32.3. So far, the detail had not yet paid for its current consumption which, a gedly, was very low. When the current consumption was checked, however, it was termined that about 40 kW/h were consumed daily. The lieutenant informed the end of the Falkensee current distribution point that he was assigned to Karlshorst nant who was accompanied by a captain; the two officers, however, refused to shill and the captain expressed doubts whether the headquarters at Guestrou, Poor Berlin were responsible. After a telephone call, the captain stated that the would be paid by the headquarters in Berlin, probably in Karlshorst. In Novemb 1953, the radio installation, probably a PKV-45 DF station, was still located triangulation point 32.3. Two Russians wearing civilian clothes were working of small cabin of the DF station. The installation was guarded by two soldiers are with submachine guns. No changes were observed on the status of the installatio and 28 February 1954. 13	n were pated L. hed ra- t lle_25X mployee ieute- ign the tsdam e bill er fon h the med
14 . 25X1B	Signal unit at Kyritz. A signal unit was quartered in houses on Rehfelder Weg Kyritz. On 11 November 1953, a radio installation with an antenna system and to the second were observed there. No details could be observed cause of security measures.	TUCKS
15.	Radio installations at Berlinchen, Rossow, Randow, and Nietwerder. The following current consumption was determined in October 1953: 800 kW/h at Berlinchen radio installation; 400 kW/h at Randow radio installation; 135 kW/h at Randow radio installation; 900 kW/h at Nietwerder radio installation; cording to the Berlinchen radio installation, the bills for the current consint for payment to the Wittsberk airfield although the inchen and Rossow radio installations are stationed in	sump-
) 16. C-2 17.	Jueterbogs Damm radar set. On 8 January 1954, source determined previously located near the so-called DF repair slowed linear station. On 4 December 1953, the location of the linear radar station was in operation, making three rotations permanents. A lowewooden building, 10 x 40 meters, had been erected there. 17	set Qued- new
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18.	Gotha radar station. During the period from 5 to 8 Jam that the Token-type radar set in the radar station west training practices by soldiers wearing red-bordered ble epaulets with signal insignia. The set continuously rot wearing silver epaulets was repeatedly observed near the	st of Gotha was used for ack and black-bordered black tated. An air force officer
19.	Device at Weimar-Nohra airfield. On 29 December 1953, a 2 meters in diameter, and mounted on a truck, was obsercorner of the former airfield at Weimar-Nohra. 18	a funnel-shaped device, about rved in the southeastern
25X1B 25X1B	Mobile decimeter station near Bad Koesen. On 11 Octobe station with a telescopic mast was observed at the east southeast of Bad Koesen. A radio truck, a truck, a trai also belonged to the installation which allegedly had be No other sets were observed in the vicinity of the installatus was define tely operated by air force personnel During the night of 16 October 1953	tern perimeter of ler with a mast sen set up on 7 October 1953. Callation. The decimeter
21. 25X1A	one retation in 17 seconds.	ade at the radar station on 25X1 usly in operation, making
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	20 to 28 October 1953. The Token-type set continuously type set and the Fishnet-type set were not in operation garage for two trucks on the southern slope of Warthus made a sketch of the installation. The radar station he municipal mains. The following communication lines were 8 copper wires suspended from masts with insulators and Kaserne; 12 overhead heavy field cables leading 6 overhead heavy field cables which, a ples from Gera and, along with 4 heavy field cables from the zonal boundary and, extend to the former military post hospital. The course of the limes could be observed only as far a tion.	the construction of a wooden el was being completed. Source day a connection line to the cobserved, i leading to a north of Strassberg, meet along with these cables, as the edge of the radar sta-
	1 to 9 November 1953. None of the three sets was in ope	ration.
U	10 to 21 November 1953: The Token-type set was in oper No communication could be observed between the Kniferes type set.	ation at irregular intervals. t-type set and the Fishnet-
	22 November to 3 December 1953. The Token-type set was intervals, while the Kniferst-type set and the Fishnet-	in operation at irregular type set stood still.
	4 to 19 December 1953. Tishnet-type set did not ope set and the Token-type were in operation at irregurating at the same ting bree did not observe that the in stormy weather.	rate, while the Kniferest-type lar intervals, but never ope- e Token-type set was braced
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	9 to 21 January 1954. The Kniferest-type set and the Fishnet-type set never operated, while the Token-type set was seldom observed operating.
	23 January to 4 February 1954. The Token-type set and the Kniferest-type set repeatedly operated simultaneously; the latter set, sometimes, made irregular pendulum movements. The Fishnet-type set was not in operation.
057/47/	5 to 12 February 1954. The Kniferest-type set and the Token-type set were continuously in operation making a rotation in 70 and 18 seconds respectively. 25X1
25X1X	
22.	Radio installation at Plauen airfield. On 8 November 1953, source determined that the previously reported radio installation was no longer located at Plauen airfield. In had formerly been observed near the radio installation had formerly been observed on the status of the radar station northeast of the barracks installation in Chemnitz-Ebersdorf up to 16 October 1953. The Dumbo-type radar set did not rotate. Individual soldiers wearing red-bordered black epaulets were observed near the set and in the vicinity. 22
24.	Madeu W. Lau II. W. St.
25X1E	the roof of radio truck was observed on the "Heller" Rear Dresden
20/(12	on and after 2 November 1953. Next to the set was a single-axle trailer with a generator. The operating personnel numbering about 12 men wearing red-bordered black
	epaulets were quartered in provisional shelters. After 17 November, a telephone line
	extended to the Hermann Goering Kaserne. 23
25X1A 1.	Comment Counce many outling County and Astroland Astroland
25X1A 1.	Comment. Source previously furnished detailed information and photographs on the radar station near Dranske. The information in the present report refers to a request concerning special anchoring devices at the Token-type radar set during stormy weather.
25X1A 2.	Comment. The radio installation reported, is an installation of the
25X1A 3.	Comment. No changes were observed on the DF station and the Kniferest-type radar set near the Flak Kaserne in Wismar. The assignment of the new radio installations has not been determined.
25X1A 4•	Comment. The DF Station in Schwerin-Goesries bears resimblance to the installa-
7	tion in Wismar. A third DF station of this type is located in Plauen. It is believed possible that these DF stations are used for air traffic control or radio intelligence. For sketch of installation in Schwerin, see Annex 1.
25X1A 5.	Gomment. For tabulation of operating hours of radar sets station, see Annex 2.
25X1A 6. 25X1A	Comment. Same source previously furnished a sketch of the Hagenow radar station. The information in the present report refers to this sketch.
25X1A 7.	Comment. Source's conclusion relative to the functioning of the sets cannot
	be verified.
	SECRET/ 25X1

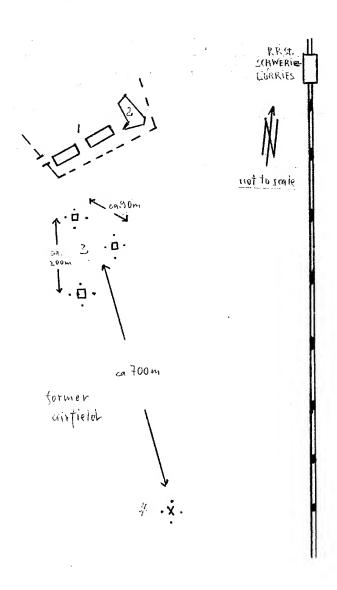
		SECRET/ 25%XA
	,	
		- 7 -
25X1		Comment. For sketches of amxiliary sets at radar station, see Annex 3, sketches a and b. These types are reported for the first time. For sketch of set mounted on motor vehicle at the runway, see sketch c on Annex 3.
25X1	A 9. [Comment. It has not been determined for what purpose the radio installation at Berlinchen has been used. A similar radio installation, described by source 7 in paragraph 8, was reported for the first time.
25X1		Comment. For layout sketch of radar sets at Wittstock airfield, see Annex 4. The large number of radar sets at the airfield is believed to be connected with the presence of the Northern Ftr Corps of the Twenty-Fourth Air Army. Training courses for radar personnel are possibly held there. Except for the radar station mentioned in paragraph 7 a, all the radar stations mentioned by source 7 have been confirmed.
25X1	A 11.	Comment. The Red Mill Inn had formerly been occupied by a signal unit, the largest portion of which had already been transferred to the area of the airfield at the end of 1952. The present report indicates that the last radio installation was probably removed from the Red Mill. The quartering building on the approach road to the field was previously believed to be occupied by a MVD headquarters.
25X1	A 12.	Comment. For layout sketch of radar station at Gardelegen, see Annex 5. The present report indicates that 1 Token-type set, 2 Kniferest-type sets, 4 Fishnet-type sets, and possibly 1 Dumbo-type set were located in the installation. This report, however, requires confirmation by source 8.
25X1	A 13.	Comment. Staaken airfield is occupied by a border guard unit. The assignment of the DF station could not be determined.
	25 <u>X</u> 1B	
25X1	25X1B	Comment. The assignmen
	A 15.	Comment. The Nietwerder radio installation which is the inner landing beacon of Neuruppin airfield; the Randow radio installation which is the inner landing beacon of Wittstock airfield is identical with the installation mentioned in paragraph 7 e; the radio installation at Rossow is probably connected with the Gadow-Rossow bombing range; and the Berlinchen radio installation is identical with the installation mentioned in paragraph 7d. The information that the cadre unit of the Berlinchen and Rossow radio installations is stationed in Schoenwalde is received for the first time and requires confirmation.
25X1	4 16 .	Comment. A previous description indicates that the set mentioned is type. It is believed that Jueterbog-Damm airfield is occupied by a repair tion for radio and signal equipment of the Twenty-Fourth Air Army.
25X1	A 17.	Comment. It is believed that 1 Token-type set, 1 Kniferest-type set, and 1 Fishnet-type set are located in the Quedlinburg radar station.
25X1	A 18.	Comment. The Weimar-Nohra airfield is believed to be used by courier and liaison aircraft of the headquarters of the Eighth Gds Army. The set mentioned probably is a Whiff-type AA fire control device.
25X1	A 19.	Comment. The presence south of Bad Koesen of a decimeter set is probably 25X1B connected with the exercises held by the Eighth Gds Army in the Weimar-Erfurt-Gotha area during the first half of October 1953. The exercises involved large units of
	25X1A	the Twenty-Fourth Air Army.
	25X1B	In conjunction with the
		SECRET/ 25X1

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	•	25X1
	SECRET/	25X1A
	- 8 -	
25X1A ₂₀ .	Comment. The radar station at Plaue	on was previously reported. 25X1A
25X1A 21.	Comment. A previous report containe at Plauen-Syrau airfield.	ed information on an assumed radar station . 25X1A
25X1A 22.	Comment A sketch of the installations forwarded.	tion near Chemnitz-Ebersdorf was previously 25X1A •
23 . 25X1A		tion on the presence of a model AA 4 Mk 3 ounds near Dresden. The set is probably
	D (1)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

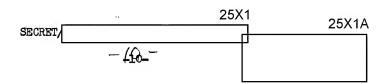
25X1

DF Station at Schwerin-Goerries Airfield



- 1 Hangars
- 2 Administrative building
- 3 Installation consisting of 3 DF stations
- 4 Cabin with 4 gallows-shaped masts

SECRET/ 25)



Operating Times of Radar Sets in Hagenow Radar Station Determined Between September 1953 and January 1954.

a. 19 September to 5 October 1953:

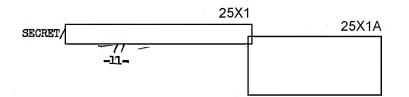
Token-type sets

Date	Time	<u> </u>	Notes
19 to 24 September	8 a.m.	to 7 p.m.	in operation
25 September	ll a.m.	to 1 p.m.	H .
	2 p.m.	to 4 p.m.	n
26 "			not in operation
27 #	10 a.m.	to 3 p.m.	in operatien
28 "	9 a.m.	to 10 a.m.	#1
	noon	to 3 p.m.	ŧi
29 #		to 11 a.m. to 7 p.m.	H .
30 "			not in operation
1 October	8 a.m.	to 3 p.m.	in operation
2 "	8 a.m.	to 7 p.m.	a th
3 "	8 a.m.	to 7 p.m.	tt
4 n	8 a.m.	to noon	tt .
	2 p.m.	to 5 p.m.	ά
5 "	10:30 p.m.	to 2 p.m.	tt
	4 p.m.	to 6 p.m.	11

The times reported might deviate from the actual operating times by 5 or 10 minutes. During the operating hours mentioned, a buzzing noise was regularly heard and the operating personnel were observed entering or leaving the set. At night, the buzzing noise was never heard.

While the Token-type set was operating, the 2 Dumbo-type sets, 1 Kniferest-type set and 2 Fishnet-type sets were not in operation. No connections were observed between the Fishnet-type sets and other sets.

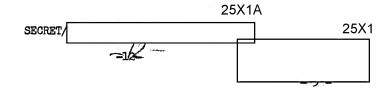
SECRET/	25X1



b. 1 November to 20 December 1953.

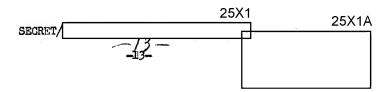
Date	Token-type set	Kniferest-type set
1 November	7:30 a.m. to 0:20 p.m.	-
	3:10 p.m. to 10 p.m.	- C
2 H	8:30 a.m. to 11:50 a.m.	10. 2.p.m.
	2:40 p.m. to 10:30 p.m.	
3 "	7 a.m. to noon	noon to 3 p.m.
•	4 p.m. to 11 p.m.	•
4 "	8:10 a.m. to 11 a.m.	-
•	3:30 p.m. to 10 p.m.	
5 "	8 · a.m. to noon	-
•	3 p.m. to 11 p.m.	
6 "	8:30 a.m. to 1 p.m. 4 p.m. to 9 p.m.	1 p.a. to 3 p.m
7 11 .	8:20 a.m. to 0:30 p.m. 4 p.m. to 10 p.m.	-
8 11	8 a.m. to noon 3:30 p.m. to 11 p.m.	1 p.m. to 3 p.m
9;, 11	7:30 a.m. to 1 p.m. 4 p.m. to 9 p.m.	_
) #	9 a.m. to 1:20 p.m. 3:30 p.m. to 11 p.m.	••
l 11	7:20 a.m. to 0:10 p.m. 3 p.m. to 9 p.m.	-
S 11	8 a.m. to noon 2 p.m. to 8 p.m.	-
3 H	7:30 a.m. not observed	
	not observed to 8 p.m.	. :
, #	not observed	
5 11	9 a.m. to noon 3 p.m. to 9 p.m.	noon to 3 p.m.
5 11	8a.m. to 11:30 a.m. 3:30 p.m. to 10 p.m.	noon to 3 p.m.

SECRET/ 25X1



```
17 November
                           8:30 a.m. to noon
                                                       1
                                                         p.m. to 2
                                p.m. to 11
                                               p.m.
 18 #
                           7:45 a.m. to 0:30 p.m.
                                p.m. to 10
                                               p.m.
 19 to 25 November
                           not observed
 26 November
                           7:20 a.m. to noon
                           3:30 p.m. to 10
                                               p.m.
 27 "
                                a.m. to 0:10 p.m.
                                                      0:30 p.m. to 3 p.m.
                           3
                                p.m. to 9:30 p.m.
 28 "
                           8:30 a.m. to 11:30 a.m.
                                p.m. to 10:30 p.m.
 29 11
                           not observed
 30 #
                           3:30 a.m. to noon
                                                                 to 2 p.m.
                                                      noon
                           3:30 p.m. to 11 p.m.
  1 December
                           7:30 a.m. to 11:40 a.m.
                           3 p.m. to 11:10 p.m.
 2 #
                           7 a.m. to 11:30 a.m.
2:30 p.m. to 11 p.m.
                                                      noon to 2 p.m.
                                             p_{\bullet}m_{\bullet}
 3 11
                           8:10 a.m. to noon
                                                      0:30 p.m. to 2:30 p.m.
                           3:20 p.m. to 10:30 p.m.
 4 #
                                a.m. to 0:10 p.m.
                           3 p.m. to 11 p.m.
 5 "
                                a.m. to 11:30 a.m.
                           2:20 p.m. to 10:50 p.m.
 6 #
                           7:50 a.m. to noon
                                                      0:30 p.m. to 3 p.m.
                           3:10 p.m. to 10 p.m.
 7 "
                                a.m. to 11:50 a.m.
                                                                to 12:30 p.m.
                                                      noon
 8 11
                           7:10 a.m. to not observed
 9 11
                           7:40 a.m. to noon
                           3:10 p.m. to 10:40 p.m.
10 "
                           8:20 a.m. to 11:30 a.m.
                                                      noon
                                                                to 2:30 p.m.
                              p.m. to 10
                                             p_{\bullet}m_{\bullet}
11 "
                                a.m. to noon
                                                      0:20 p.m. to 2
                           2:40 p.m. to 11
                                              p_{\bullet}m_{\bullet}
12 "
                                a.m. to 11
                                              a.m.
                           3:30 p.m. to 10:30 p.m.
                SECRET
                                                        25X1
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7:20 a.m. to 11:30 a.m. 7:20 p.m. to 11

7:10 a.m. to noon 0:30 p.m. to 3 p.m. 3:20 p.m. to 10:40 p.m.

15 to 20 December not observed

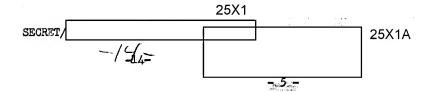
c. 21 December 1953 to 5 January 1954.

Token-type set.

ate	Time	Notes
21 December		the set changed location
22 11	8 a.m. to noon	continuous rotating movements; sounds produced by generator
	1. p.m.	no movements
	9 p.m.	rotating movements; sounds produced by generator
3 "	11 a.m. to noon	rotating movements; sounds produced by generator
	0:40 p.m.	no movements
	1:30 p.m.	, н
14 11	7 a.m.	ņ
	7:15 a.m.	rotating movements; sounds produced by generator
	8 a.m. to 11:50 a.m.	rotating movements; sounds roduced by generator
27 "	0:30 a.m.	
	1:40 p.m.	
	2:10 p.m.	rotating movements; sounds produced by generator
28 11	11 a.m. to 4 p.m.	no movements
	4:05 p.m. to 4:30 p.m	movements
	heard and the set star source observed some s At 4:10 p.m., source h approaching from the so	ds produced by the generator were ted rotating; at the same time, oldiers rushing to and fro; eard the sound of aircraft engine utheast; simultaneously, the Toke no operating sounds were heard.

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25X1



The reflectors of the set stood exactly parallel to the course of the two DC-3 aircraft which crossed from southeast to northwest over the western edge of the former airfield. No nationality markings coulded be observed on the aircraft which flew under the clouded ceiling at an altitude of about 1,000 meters. About 4:20 p.m., when the aircraft engines were no longer heard, the generator was again started and the radar set began rotating. During the observations described, the other sets also were not in operation.

29 December

midnight

sounds produced by generator

3 a.m.

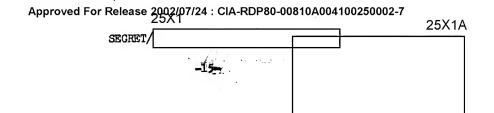
4:15 p.m. to 4:30 p.m.

only the sounds produced by the generator were heard; the radar set started notating only at 4:30 p.m.

During each night until 5 January 1954, source repeatedly heard the operating noises of the Token-type wet and of the generator. Source believed that the Token-type set continuously operated throughout the day and night, except for regular intervals between about noon and 2 p.m. and short occasional interruptions. The set regularly rotated only during the intervals approximately between noon at the intervals approx

d. 6 to 25 January.

Ds	1te		n-type set			rest-type set making lum movements
6	January	8	a.m.		noon	9%
7	n	10	a.m. and	4 p.m.	11	a.m.
8	n	9:30	a.m.		11	a.m.
9	Ħ	4:40	$p_{\bullet}m_{\bullet}$		1	$p_{\bullet}m_{\bullet}$
10	#	7	a.m. and	8 p.m.	11	a. m.
11	tt.	9	a, m. and	4 p.m.	11:30	a.m.
12	11	9	a.m. and	5 p.m.	1	$p_{\bullet}m_{\bullet}$
13	Ħ	7	a.m.			
14	tt	8	a.m. and	4:30 p.m.	noon	
15	n	7 4	a.m., 9 p.m., 5	a.m., p.m.		
	S	ECRET/				25X1



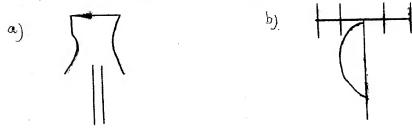
16 January	7 4	a.m., 8 p.m., 6	a.m., p.m.,	1 p.	m.
17 11	.7 4	a.m., 9 p.m., 6	a.m., ppm.,	11	a.m.
18 "	5	p.m.			
19 "	9	a.m.		noor	ı .
20 "	4:3	30 p.m.		11	a.m.
21 "	8	a.m. and 4	$p_{\bullet}m_{\bullet}$	2	$p_{\bullet}m_{\bullet}$
22 "	.9	a.m. and	5 p.m.	11	a.m.
23 "	8	a.m. and	5 p.m.	noor	1
24 "	9	a.m.		1 p	o.m.
25 "	4	p.m.		2 p	o.m.

The times reported possibly deviated from the actual operating times by some minutes. The Tokenetype set and the Kniferest-type set never operated at the same time. Source could not determined whether the Fishnet-type sets were in operation. The dipoles of the northern set pointed to the south and those of the southern set to the north.

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	0	25X1

Special Radar Sets at Wittstock Airfield

a) and b) Auxiliary sets at radar station south of the approach road to Wittstock airfield



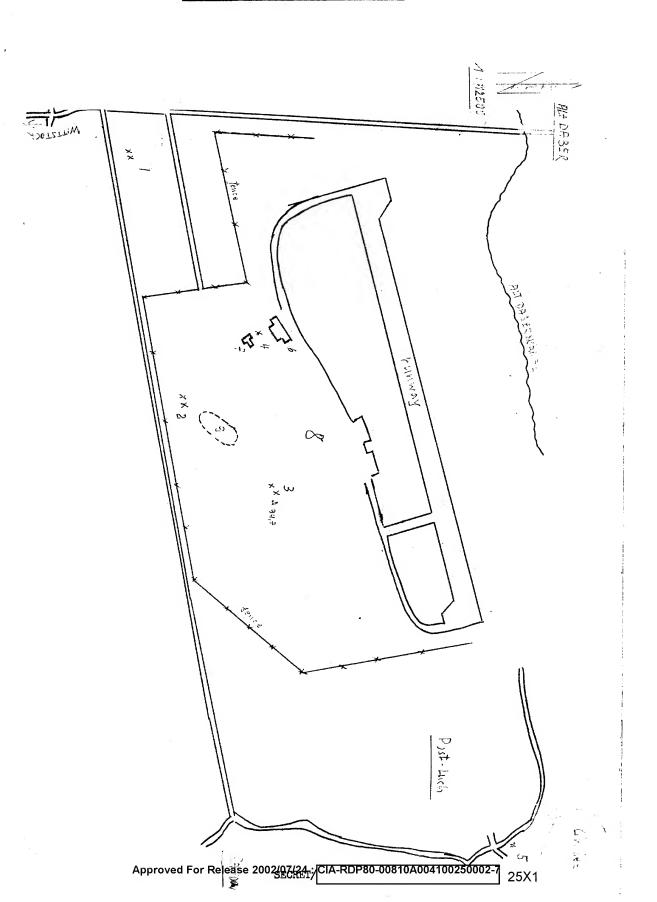
Motor vehicle with siddle-shaped device and rod antenna on top,
parked south of middle section of the runway;; the set was observed
rotating during
air activity.

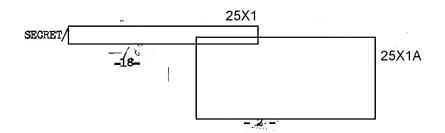
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-17
Radar Stations at Wittstock Airfield

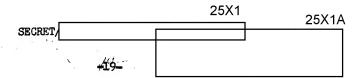


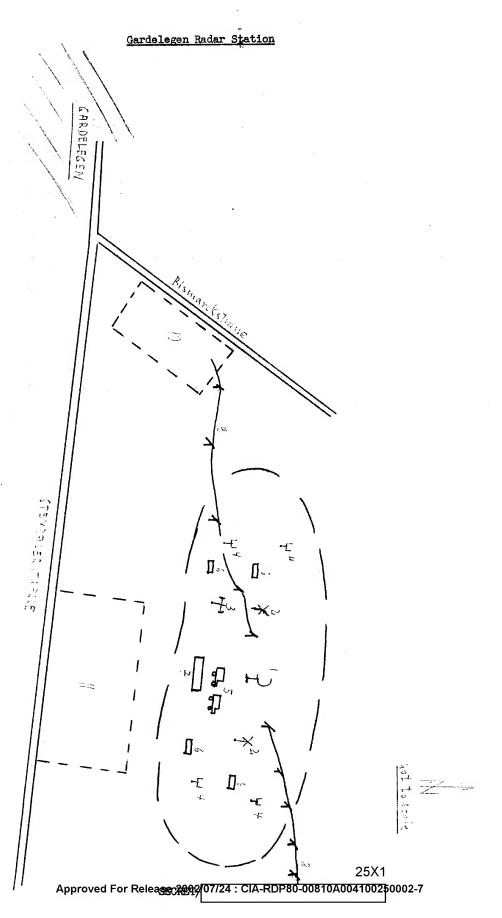


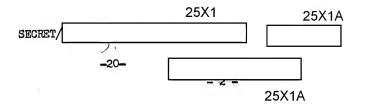
Radar Stations at Wittstock Airfield.

- 1 Radar station consisting of 1 Kniferest-type set and 1 Fishnet-type set, southwest of entrance to the airfield.
- Radar station consisting of least t-type set and 1 Fishnet-type set, 600 meters southwest of Rock curtain.
- 3 Radam onsisting of 1 Token-type set and 1 Fishnet-type set on Rocks on untain.
- 4 Dumbo-type set.
- 5 Inner low frequency approach beacon,
- 6 Repair hangar.
- 7 Heating plant.
- 8 Area of quartering buildings and radar stations .
- 9 Athletic field.

SECRET/	25X1







Gardelegen Radar Station.

- 1 1 Token-type radar set
- 2 2 Kniferest-type radar sets
- 3 1 Dumbo-type radar set
- 4 4 Fishnet-type radar sets
- 5 2 trucks
- 6 2 garages
- 7 Low wooden quartering buildings
- 8 Cable leading to airfield
- 9 Cable leading to Remonte School
- 10 Remonte School
- 11 Former parachute settlement

SECRET	

lader Station on Warthuetel Jest of Plauen

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T₂

- 1 Token-type radar set
- 2 Kniferest-type radar set
- 3 Fishnet-type radar set
- 4 Machine gun
- 5 Low wooden building for soldiers
- 6 Garages
- 7 Cemetery